



# Fishmeal and Fish Oil as Essential Components in Aquafeed

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- IFFO, The Marine Ingredients Organisation
- AquaFarm, Pordenone
- 13<sup>th</sup> February 2019

# The importance of farming fish



**Energy: FCR; Efficient protein production;**



**(Comparatively low) Environmental impact;**



**Space: availability of area for increased protein supply;**

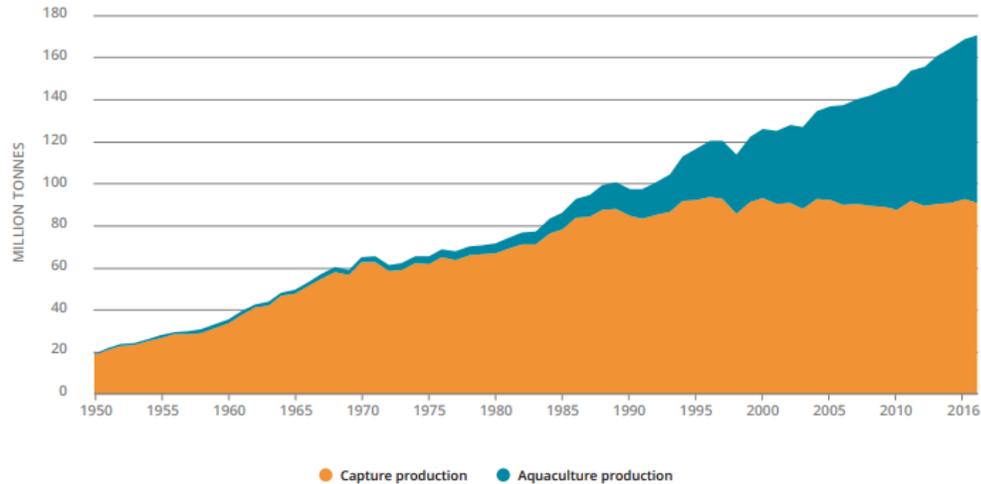


**Nutrition: compares favourably with the best terrestrial proteins; some unique factors;**



# Aquaculture growing (& needs to continue to grow)

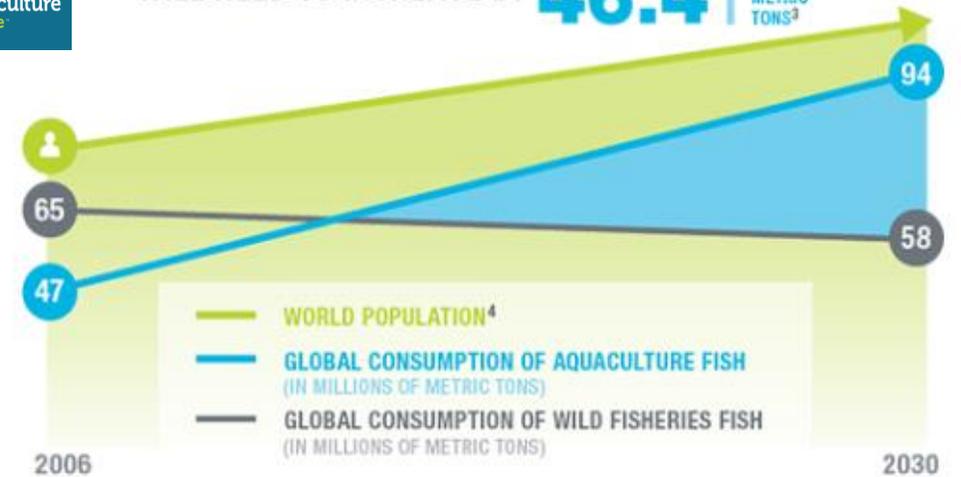
World capture fisheries and aquaculture production

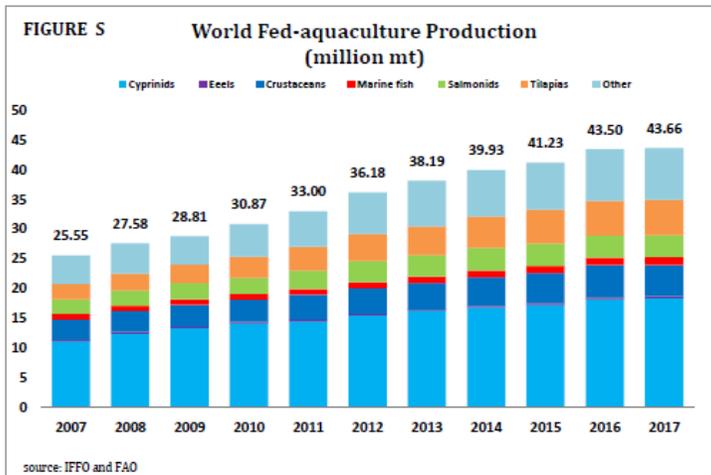


NOTE: Excludes aquatic mammals, crocodiles, alligators and caimans, seaweeds and other aquatic plants



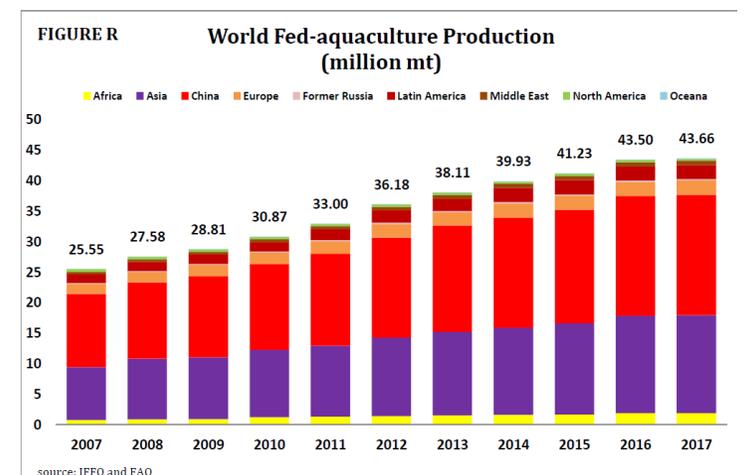
TO MEET THE WORLD'S SEAFOOD NEEDS,  
**AQUACULTURE PRODUCTION**  
WILL NEED TO INCREASE BY **46.4** MILLION METRIC TONS<sup>3</sup>





The growth of farming of fed aquatic animal species has outpaced the farming of unfed species in world aquaculture.

The share of unfed species in total aquatic animal production decreased gradually from 2000 to 2016, shrinking by 10 percentage points to 30.5 percent.



“Fed” Aquaculture also growing & increasing in importance

FAO: SOFIA, 2018:

# Feed volume growing: All species & Aquafeed

**2019 Alltech Global Feed Survey estimates world feed production increased by 3 percent to 1.103 billion metric tons**

January 29, 2019

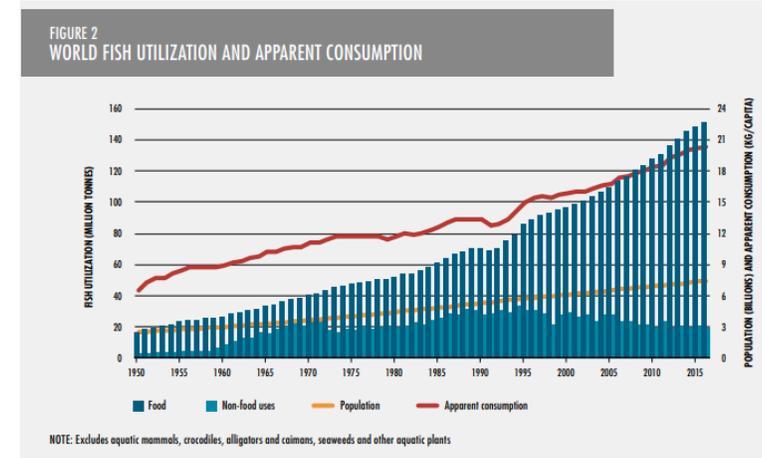
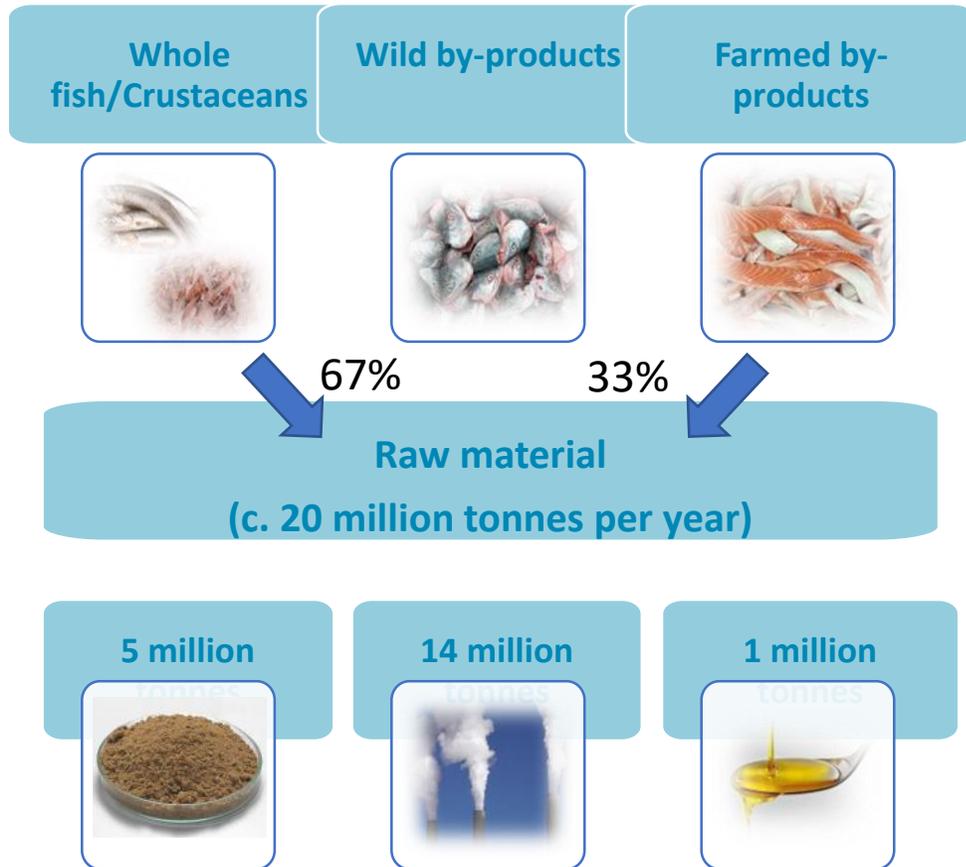


General: All species

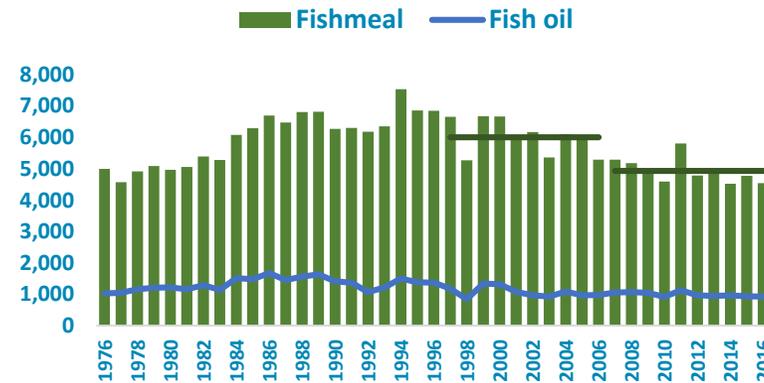


Aquaculture

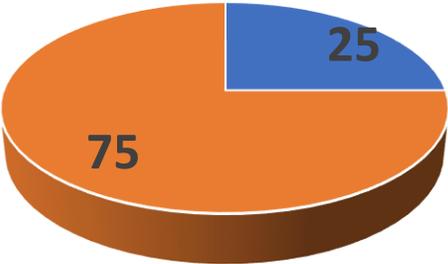
# Fishmeal and Fish Oil supply – static/slight decline in volume



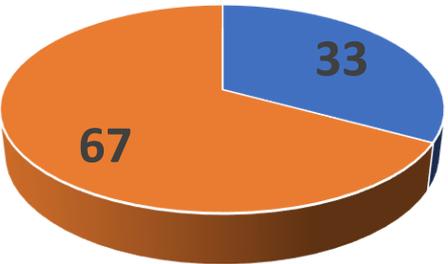
**World's fishmeal and fish oil supply (1,000 mt)**



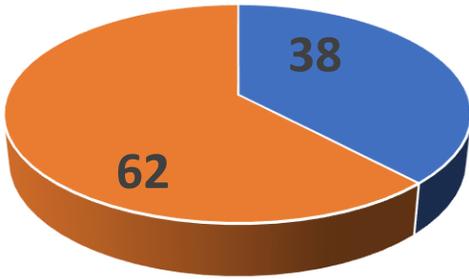
# Raw material: Trend for increasing Byproduct (trimmings) use



Estimated by Shepherd, 2012



Calculated by Jackson & Newton, 2016

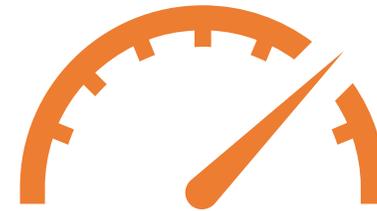


Predicted by FAO for 2025 (2016)

# What this means in reality



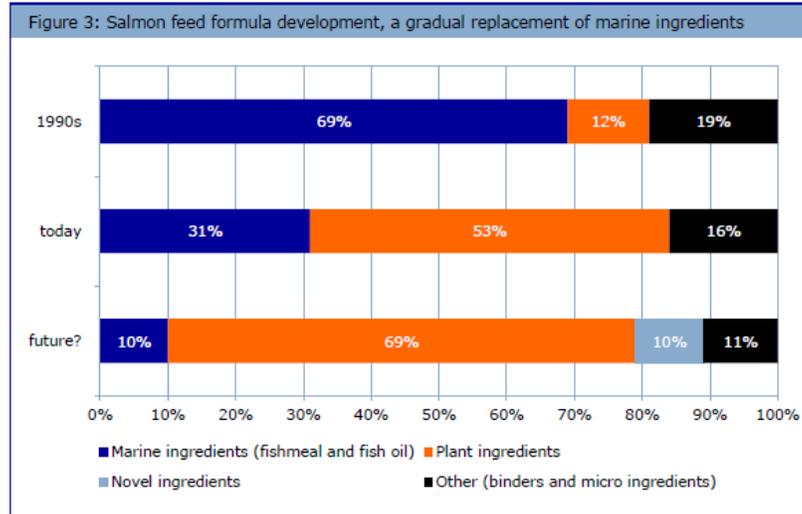
Decreasing inclusion rates



Decreasing Fish In: Fish Out  
(FIFO) ratios

# Decreasing Inclusion Rates

(Documented in salmon)



Source: EWOS, 2015

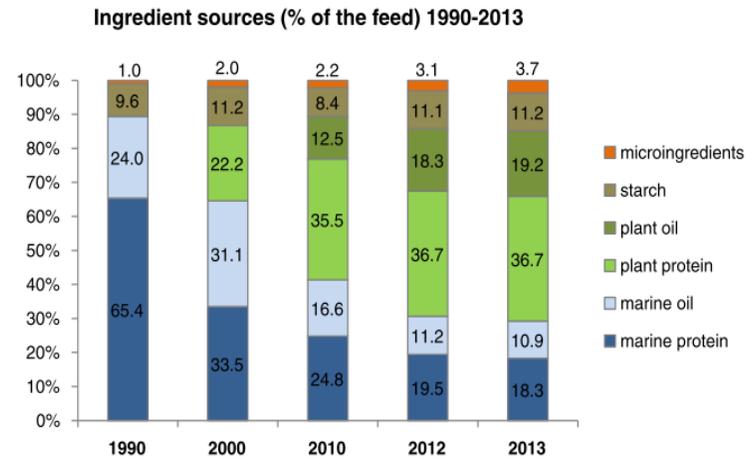
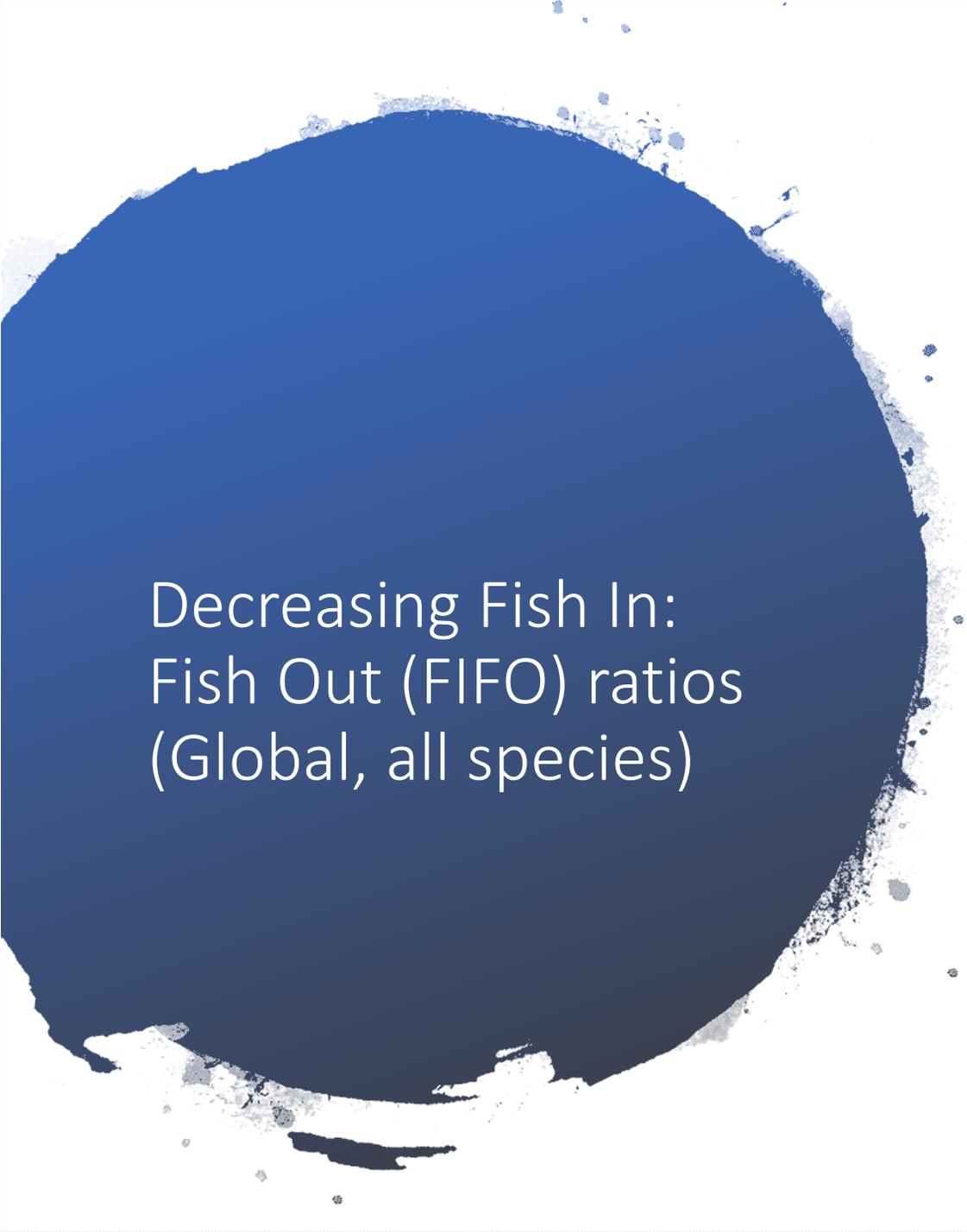


Fig. 1. Nutrient sources in Norwegian salmon farming from 1990 to 2013. Each ingredient type is shown as its percentage of the total diet.

Ytrestoyl, et al. (2015) *Aquaculture* 448 365–374  
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.aquaculture.2015.06.023>



Decreasing Fish In:  
Fish Out (FIFO) ratios  
(Global, all species)

	2000	2010	2015
<b>Crustaceans</b>	0.91	0.45	0.46
<b>Marine Fish</b>	1.48	0.88	0.53
<b>Salmon &amp; Trout</b>	2.57	1.38	0.82
<b>Eels</b>	2.98	1.81	1.75
<b>Cyprinids</b>	0.07	0.03	0.02
<b>Tilapias</b>	0.27	0.18	0.15
<b>Other Freshwater</b>	0.60	0.15	0.13
<b>Aquaculture total</b>	0.63	0.33	0.22

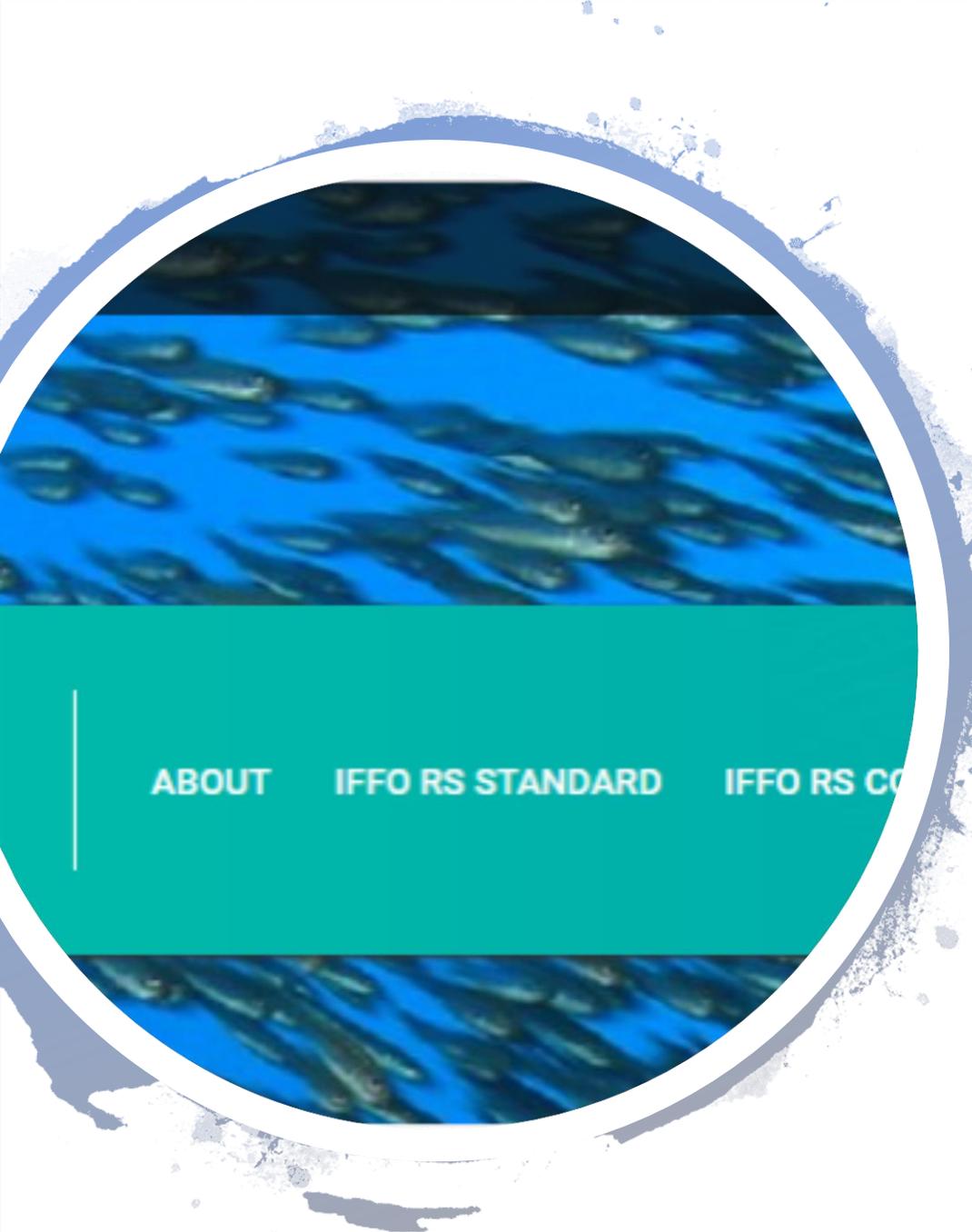


But FMFO  
plays an  
essential role

- Low volume, high impact (c. 5 million tonnes FM in c.40 million tonnes aquafeed)
- Some key nutritional contributions (different factors important for different species)
- Manage volume of supply into key species, or key life stages – strategic use
- To achieve increasing feed volume, need to supplement available FMFO with other ingredients

# Certification

- Growth over time
- Supply chain driver
- (Continual) growth in available certified product
- FMFO upstream products: Important source for certified aquaculture product
- Driving certified supply volume
- IFFO Responsible Supply significant player in FMFO (c.50% production certified)



ABOUT

IFFO RS STANDARD

IFFO RS CO

# Benefits of certification

- Management of social and environmental impacts on sustainability
- Traceability
- Helps to secure value of product in the market



# Fisheries Improvement Projects



- A (growing) important component
- FIP process improves fisheries stock management
- Based on multi-stakeholder approach
- FIPs also carry benefits to marine ecosystem
- Provides additional volume of material for feed standards and aquaculture certification supply chain

# Fishmeal – why is it important (nutritionally)?



**HIGH PROTEIN**



**HIGH DIGESTIBILITY**



**EXCELLENT AMINO  
ACID PROFILE, OF  
WHICH SOME ARE  
“ESSENTIAL”  
AMINO ACIDS**



**RICH SOURCE OF  
SOME VITAMINS  
(E.G. B12) AND  
MINERALS (E.G. Cu,  
Zn, Ca, Se)**

# Fish oil – why is it important



**Dietary source of  
energy**



**Rich source of  
essential fatty acids**



**Currently, only  
commercially  
significant volume  
n-3s**



**Some additional  
nutritional factors**

# FMFO potentially has a link with health

Minerals (g/kg diet)	Microminerals (mg/kg diet) (trace elements)
Calcium	Iron
Phosphorus*	Manganese*
Magnesium	Copper
Potassium*	Zinc*
Chlorine	Cobalt
Sodium*	Selenium*
	Iodine*
	Molybdenum

\*not always supplemented in wild species

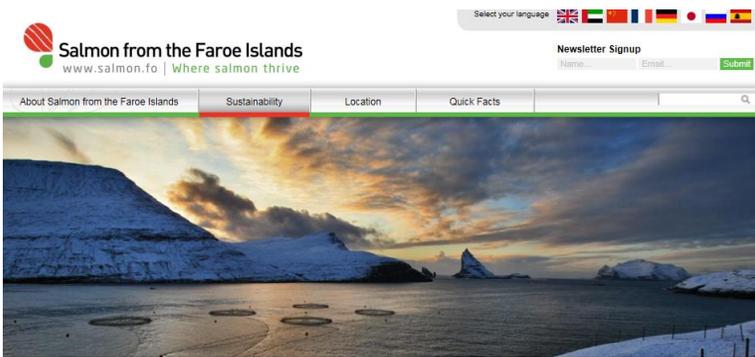
- Some micronutrients linked to immune system function (e.g. Se)
- Known dietary requirement for some important micronutrients, e.g. n-3s
- Fish micronutrient requirements generally managed to avoid deficiency, rather than optimal health
- Some replacement ingredients are known to have deleterious effects (e.g. ANFs in vegetable proteins)
- Some impacts on gut microbiome & possible link with immunocompetence
- For carnivorous fish, FMFO approaches diet of wild species (evolutionary basis for the physiology)

# Further possible links with health

- 
- Feed research controlled environments – relevance to the field?
  - Laboratory studies may miss subtle cues, and/or impacts in farming conditions
  - Feed companies formulate diets on “least-cost” formulations, so compromise is inevitable
  - Species requirements known to change with life history stage (also other factors?)
  - Sub-lethal effects may not be obvious but significant (e.g. impacts on immune system functionality)
  - Fatty acids best studied: *“Role of EFA in immune system function is pivotal” and “affects the balance between immunosuppression and immunostimulation”* (Tocher and Glencross, 2015);
  - Overall it’s complex - more data needed.

# Case study – Faroe Islands

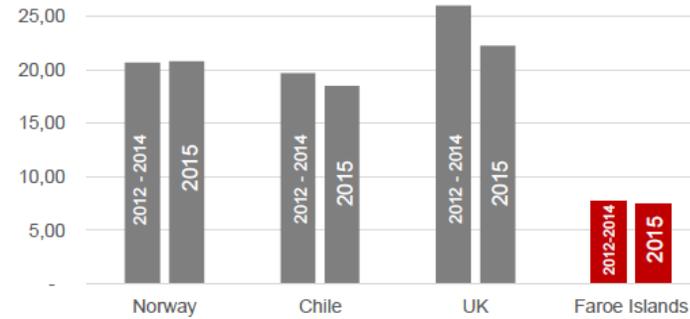
- Comparatively high marine ingredient inclusions in salmon feed
- Industry reports low FCR, good survival, growth rates
- Anecdote – not science (and farming systems/pathogen challenge/environment differ), but suggests strong link between these factors and higher levels of FMFO



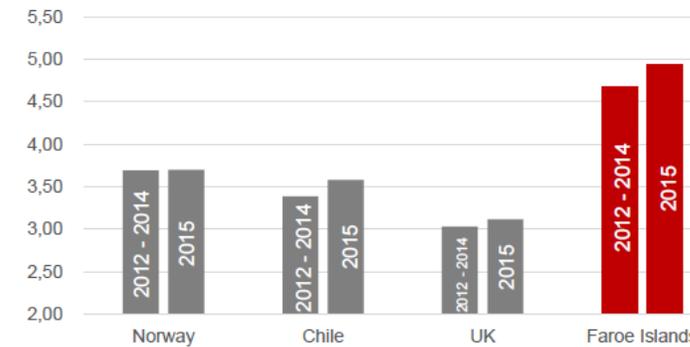
Bakkafrost data:

<https://dsrqhvon5mja8.cloudfront.net/media/1542/bakkafrost-presentation-cmd-7-june-2016.pdf>

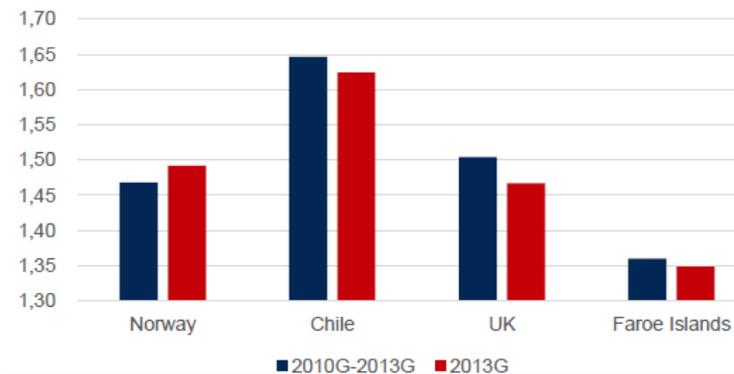
Average mortality (%) 2010-2012G vs 2013G



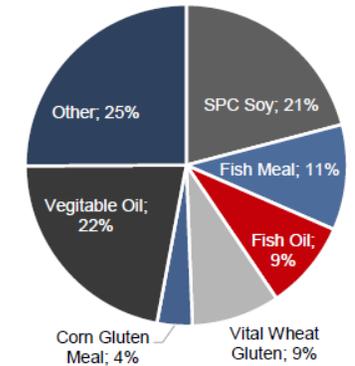
Yield per smolt (HOG) 2010-2012G vs 2013G



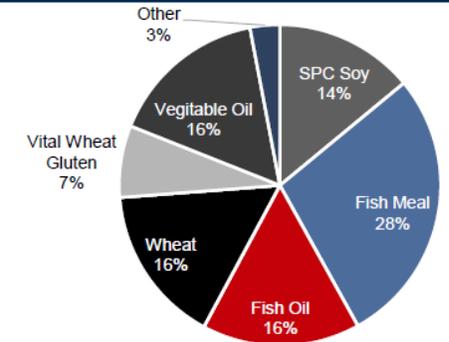
Feed used/harvest volume (HOG), EFCR



Standard feed recipe 2016E<sup>(1)</sup>



Feed recipe Bakkafrost 2015



# Ingredients already used in Aquafeed



Source: Glencross, B., IFFO Annual Conference Presentation, Rome 2018

# 2019: A rise in novel alternatives



Source: <https://www.seawestnews.com/black-soldier-fly-new-mission-salmon-farms/>



**Guar**



Guar bean cluster

**Scientific classification**

Kingdom:	Plantae
Clade:	Angiosperms
Clade:	Eudicots
Clade:	Rosids
Order:	Fabales
Family:	Fabaceae
Genus:	<i>Cyamopsis</i>
Species:	<b><i>C. tetragonoloba</i></b>

## GM Camelina trial gets go ahead



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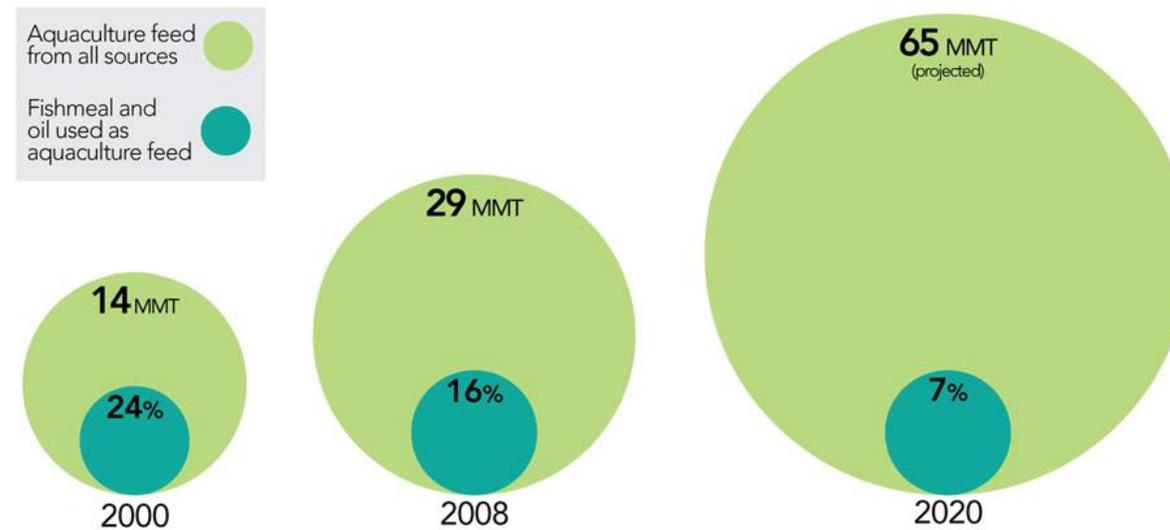


Methane-Eating Bacteria Could Be a Win-Win for Reducing Emissions, Impacts of Fish Farming

SUPPLY CHAIN SPONSORED BY DOMTAR & GOLD STANDARD

# The Future

- Source: Fry, J.P. et al., 2016. Environmental health impacts of feeding crops to farmed fish. *Environment International*, 91, pp.201–214. Available at: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.envint.2016.02.022>



# Summary



**More volume of feed is required**



**Feed ingredient supply changing relative to total volume needs**



**Feed formulations will change relative to ingredient accessibility**



**Nutrition based on least-cost formulation approach: health?**

# Summary



**Certification is important (for all ingredients)**



**FM & FO remain essential, as a practical means of supplying nutrition**



**Any impacts of changing ingredient profiles need to be managed (& based on science)**



**More studies needed (some information will be public; some commercial)**

Questions?



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